

PHOTOS OF GRAPEVINE

Special experience is seeing 36 reproductions of ampelographic gouache of grapevine. They were painted by painters Vincenz and Conrad Kreuzer in the mid-19th century. Paintings represent 23 varieties by local folk names or synonyms from the Trummer inventory from Sv. Ana and most of the varieties from this area. The originals are kept at the Regional Museum Maribor and represent European heritage of inestimable value.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

At the exhibition are for the first time in Slovenia represented the Imperial Royal Agricultural Society of Duchy of Styria and Postič's important work in this association.



**Permanent exhibition in the vinedresser's cottage
Pergerjev vrh, Kremberk 39 and in the hall of the
Municipality Sveta Ana, Sv. Ana in Slovenian Hills
17, SI-2233 Sv. Ana v Slov. Hills.**

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Franc Postič lived at Sv. Ana from 1817 to 1861.



The vine Postič: on Pinot Meunier or Blauer Postitschtraube or Frühe blaue Müllerrebe or Schwartzreizing

Franc Postič
1794  1861

surgeon, wine grower, fruit grower and gardener
PERMANENT EXHIBITION



Evropski kmetijski sklad za razvoj podeželja
Evropa investira v podeželje

Implementation of the project: Municipality Sveta Ana, Wine Grower Association Sveta Ana, Janez Ferlinc s. p. The idea of the exhibition: Historical Association Slovenian hills, 2011. Text and photo: Janez Ferlinc, photo of gouache of grapes: Artistic cabinet of Primož Premzl, Maribor, photo of Berry: Wikipedia. Design: Jernej Lasbaber. Printing: Copy Center, Milena Potočnik s.p., Lenart, 2013. Print run: 500 copies.

Permanent exhibition on the life and work of Franc Postiĉ came to existence due to the rich history of viticulture in Sv. Ana and re-discovered story of the vine **postiĉ**, which was in 2009 discovered by Igor Zemljĉ, historian from Lenart.

FRANC POSTIĀ

Franc Postiĉ (Franz Postitsch), *1794, Zagreb – +1861, Sv. Ana, was a deserving surgeon and veterinarian, wine grower, fruit grower, gardener, school supervisor (from 1835), mayor of Kremberk (1854 – 1857) and a judge (from 1836). His wife gave birth to three sons Franc, Friderik (Miroslav), Henrik and a daughter Suzana Ana. Postiĉ organized the largest and most popular cattle fairs in Sv. Ana in Styria; from 1854 every year in September the fair offered 800-100 cattle heads for sale. He sold out over 100.000 of previous fruit seedlings. He received little silver medal at one of the first horticultural exhibitions in Graz. The fruitful work of Postiĉ contributed prosperity, prestige and importance of this most beautiful part of Slovenian Hills.



Furmint is the most important old home vine variety of Slovenian Styria.



Maria Caroline Duchess de Berry, 1825.

GUESTS OF POSTIĀ

Franc Postiĉ was an exemplary citizen, philanthropist, benefactor, a noble and a popular host. He hosted many friends and acquaintances, among them were Franc Trummer, Dr. Franc Hlubek, Stanko Vraz, Dr. JoŹef MurŹec, Dominik Őolnik, Dr. Rudolf Gustav Puff and many others.

Niece of Archduke Janez, **Maria Caroline Duchess de Berry** (1798-1870) with her numerous escort visited Sv. Ana and Postiĉ on 2 October 1855. Duchess de Berry was the daughter in law of the last French king Charles X. (1756 – 1836). She also lived at the castle Brunsee at Mureck (Cmurek) with her second husband Charles Lucchesi Palli after leaving France until her death. They are buried in the cemetery in Mureck.

THE POSTIĀ VINE OR PINOT MEUNIER

Franc Trummer (*1800 – +1858, Graz) catalogued the postiĉ vine in the vineyards of Prince of Arenberg on Radenski Vrh and his dominion Stadl, which got this vine many years ago from Champagne. The dominion spread it throughout Styria. In 1841 the vine grew only in the surrounding area of Radgona, at Sv. Ana and in the sample vineyard in Graz. It was also cultivated and reproduced by Postiĉ.

The first to write the synonym of **Blaue Postitschtraube** was Trummer in 1836, when he visited Franc Postiĉ. The name Blaue Postitschtraube is still used in Austrian Styria, Eastern Switzerland and South Australia (Miller's Burgundy). The postiĉ vine or pinot meunier, MŹllerrebe or Schwarzriesling is known in Europe since the 16th century. Pinot meunier is a strongly hairy mutation of Pinot Noir. It's must is an important ingredient of champagne.



*Franc Postiĉ was among the first in the Slovenian Hills to cultivate the vine of **Traminer blanc**.*